PARKS HIGHWAY Alternative Corridor PEL Study

STAKEHOLDER ADVISORY COMMITTEE

MEETING #1



STAKEHOLDER ADVISORY COMMITTEE INTRODUCTIONS

We have invited representatives from:

- State of Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities
- Access Alaska
- Alaska Travel Industry Association
- Alaska Trucking Association
- Big Lake Community Council
- Cook Inlet Region, Inc.
- Gateway Community Council
- Iditarod Trails Committee
- Knik'atnu Inc.
- Knik-Fairview Community Council

- Knik Tribal Council
- MSB School District
- Meadow Lakes Community Council
- SCF Bentah Nuutah Valley Native Primary Care
- Valley Transit
- Wasilla Area Seniors, Inc.
- Wasilla Chamber of Commerce



AGENDA

- Welcome and Introductions
- Committee Charter
- Project Introduction
- PEL Process
- Project Area and Existing Conditions
- Purpose and Need Statement
 - Breakout Rooms
 - Feedback/Group Discussion
- Wrap up and Next Steps





COMMITTEE CHARTER



PEL PROCESS, PROJECT AREA, SCHEDULE

PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL LINKAGES (PEL) PROCESS

Planning and Environmental Linkages is a collaborative and integrated approach to transportation decision-making that:

- 1. Considers environmental, community, and economic goals early in the transportation planning process
- 2. Uses the information, analysis, and products during planning to inform the environmental review process

The PEL process can ease the path as transportation programs and projects move from planning to design and implementation

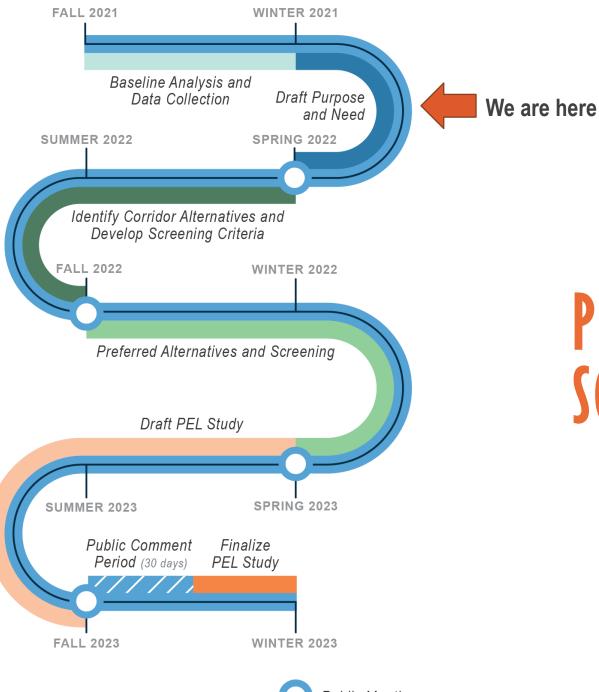


PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL LINKAGES (PEL) PROCESS

The benefits of stronger linkages between transportation planning and NEPA/project development processes can include:

- Improved project delivery timelines
- Stronger agency and public relationships
- Earlier identification of key environmental resources
- Better funding and project development information for programming funds
- Build project with better outcomes
- Flexible approach that allows more holistic development of transportation improvement strategies





PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE

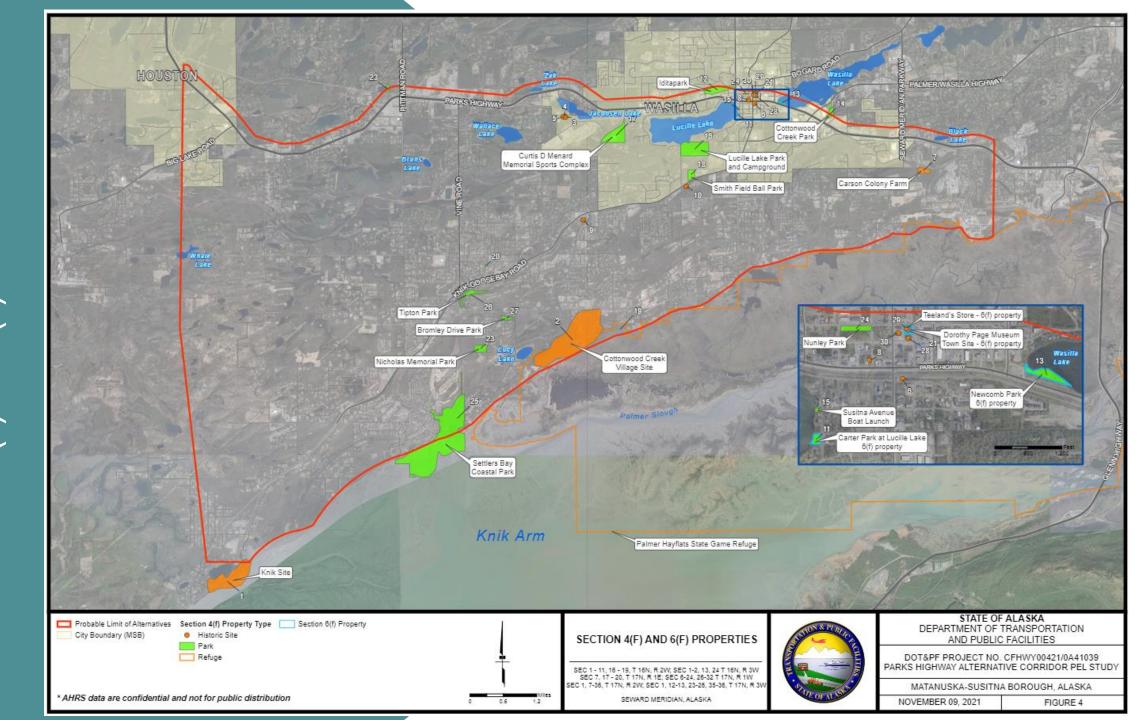


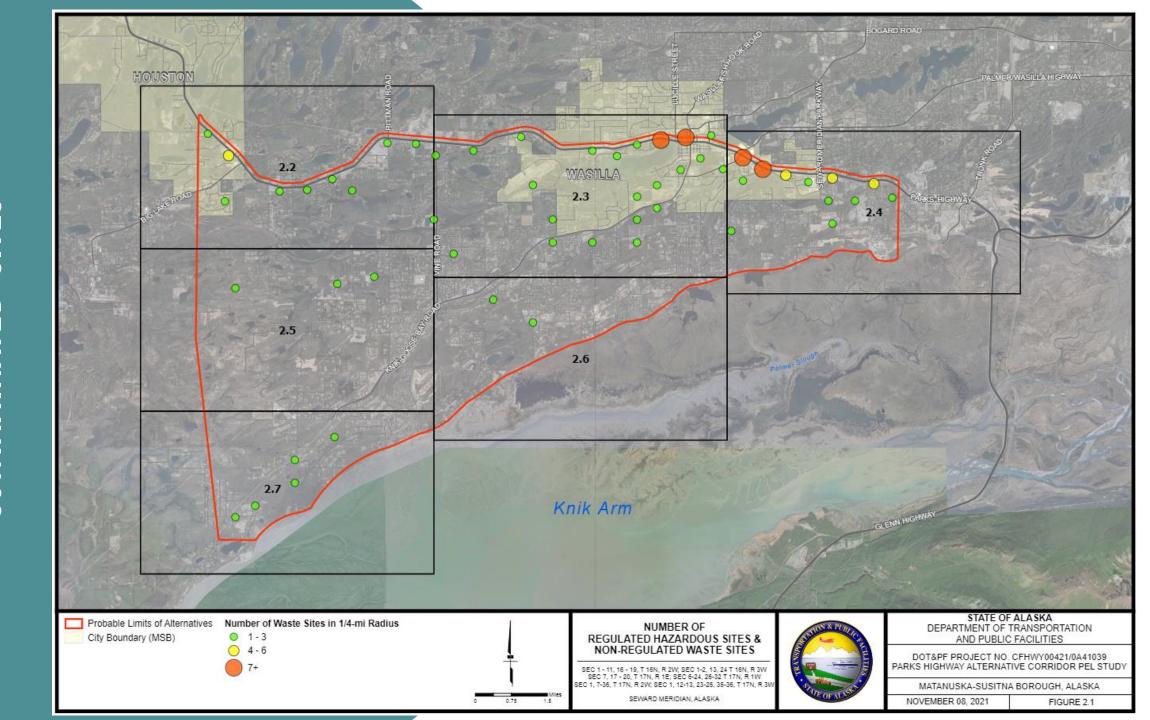


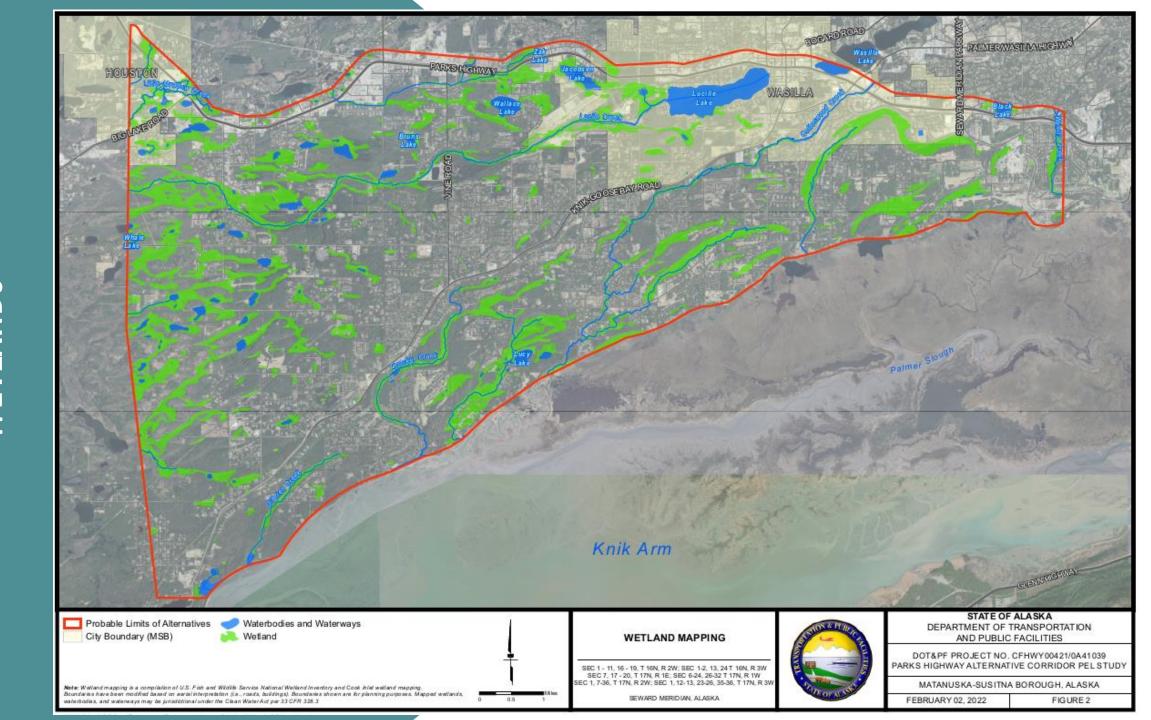


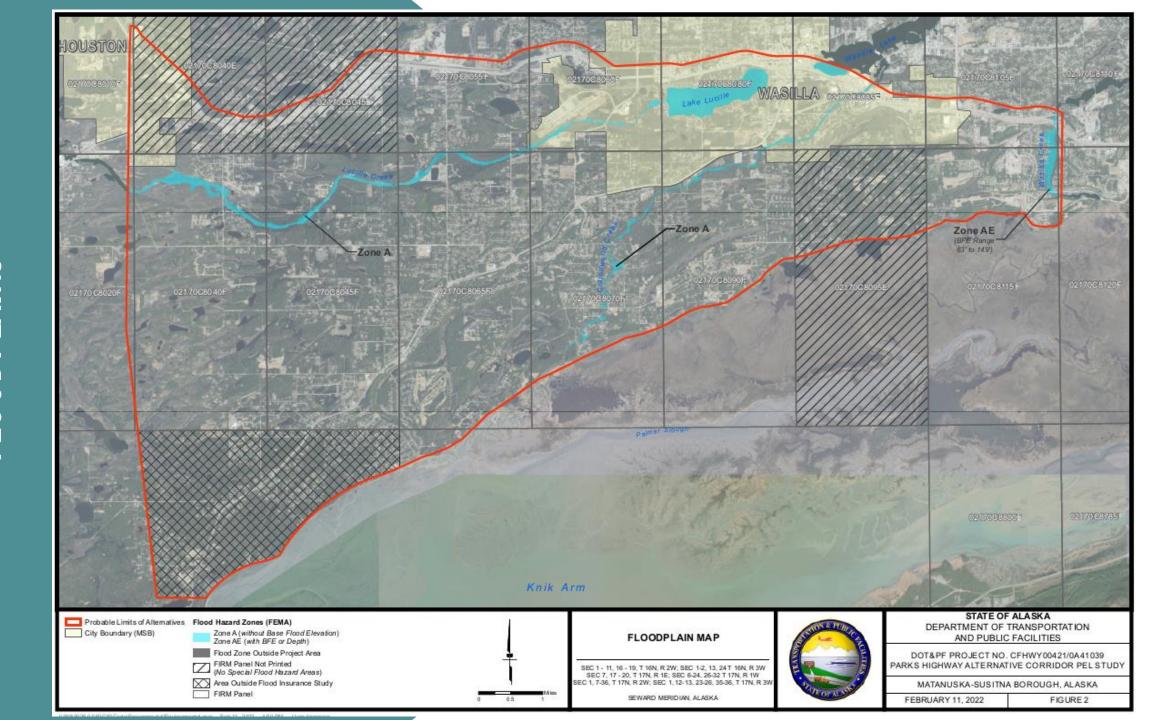


BASELINE DATA / EXISTING CONDITIONS

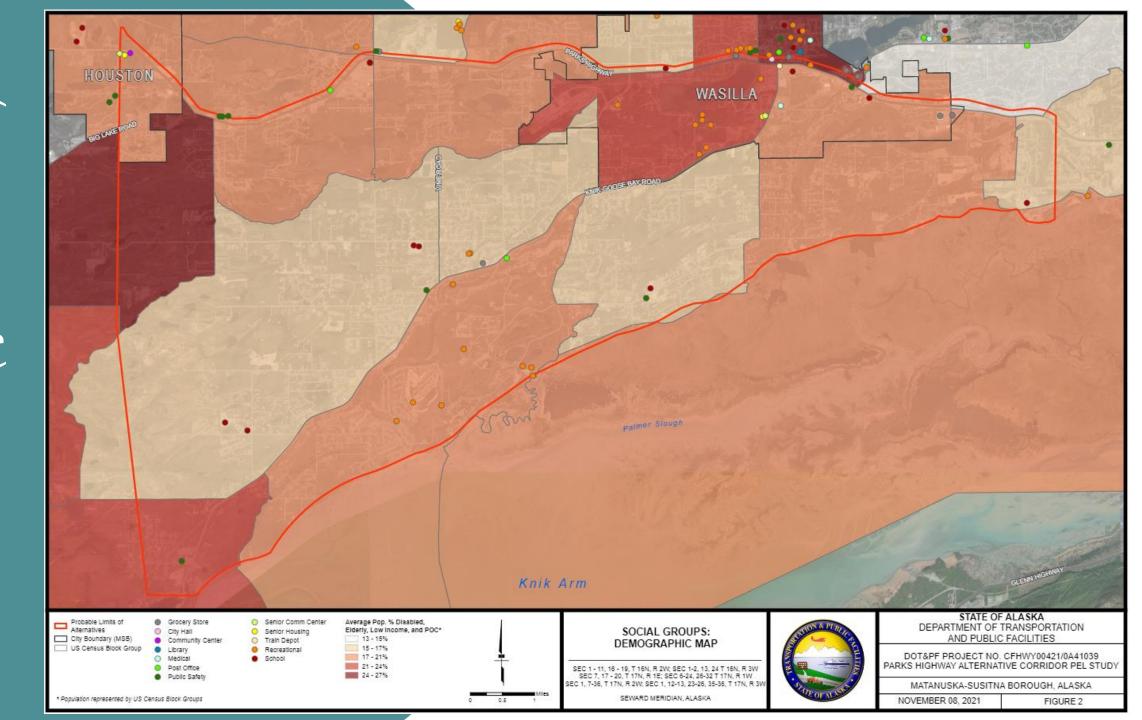


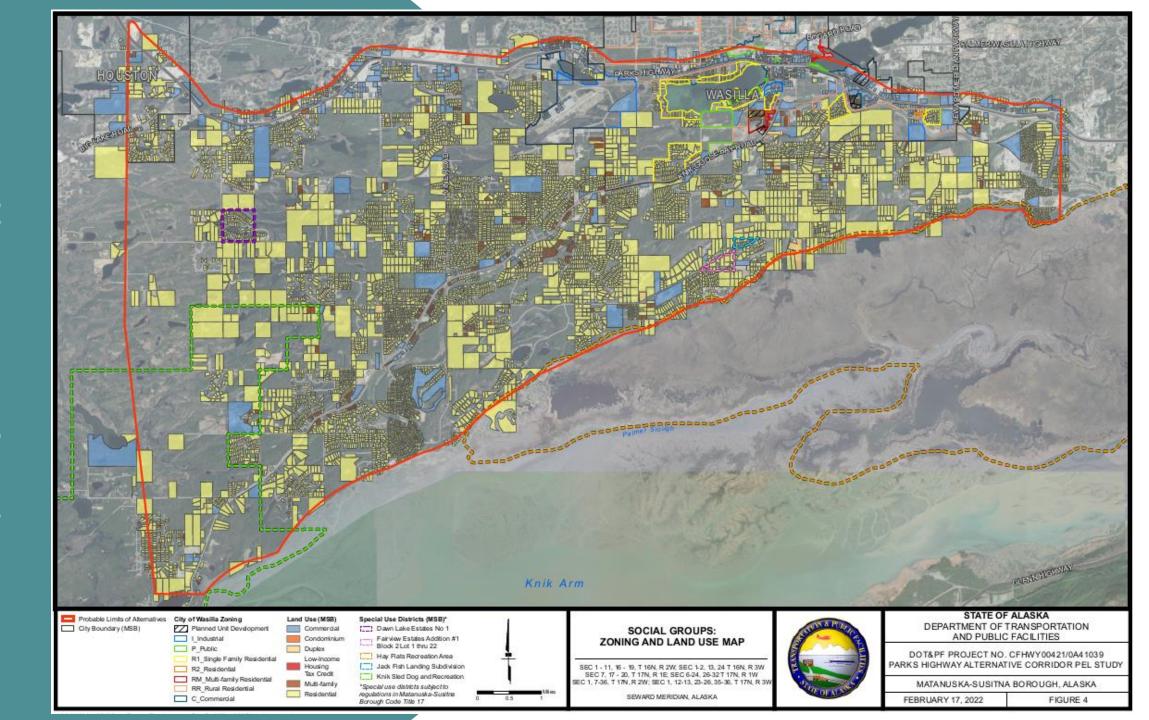


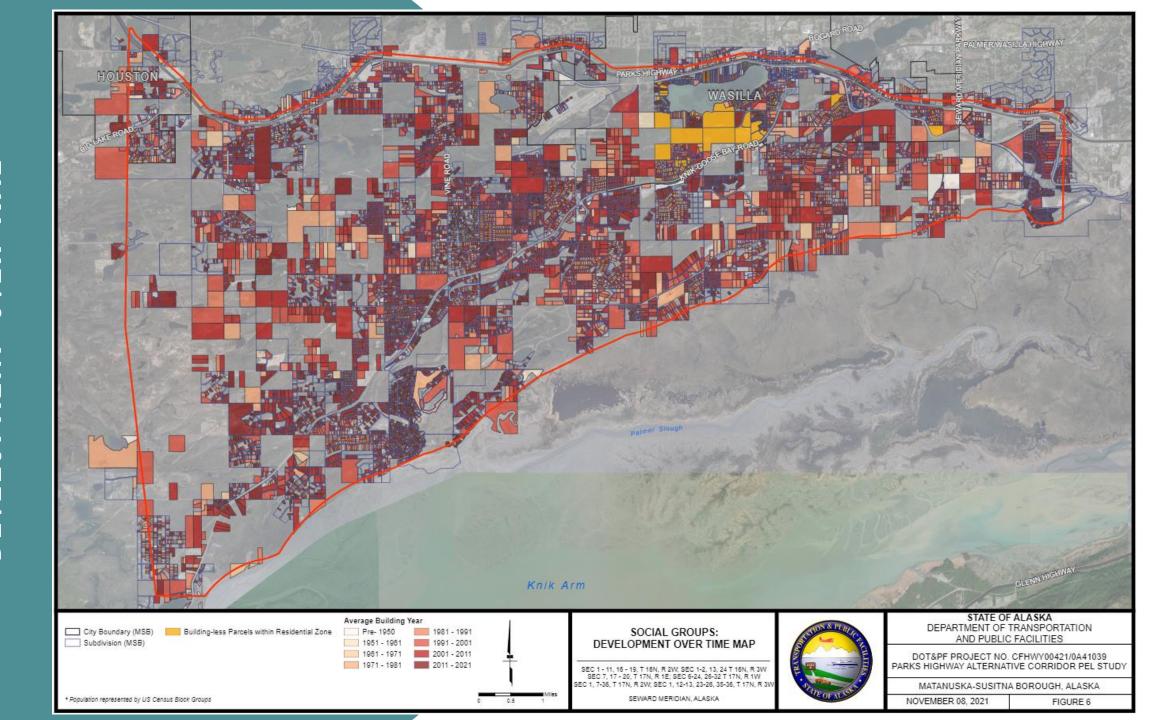


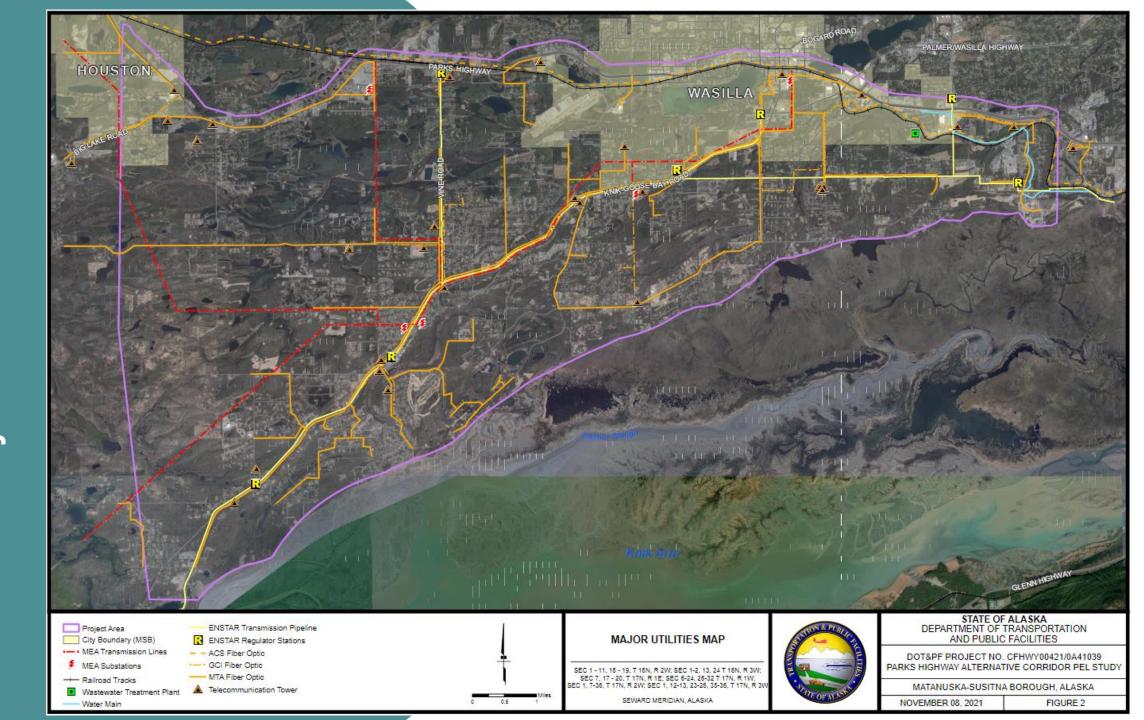


DEMOGRAPHICS (EJ POPULATIONS)











ORIGIN/DESTINATION STUDY



104 MILLION **DATA POINTS** WERE COLLECTED

DURING DURING AM PEAK PM PEAK



DURING DURING

PM PEAK

AM PEAK



TOTAL TRIP DISTANCE MEASURED IN MILES

DURING AM PEAK

DURING PM PEAK

THAT'S EQUIVALENT TO



DRIVING AROUND THE EARTH 700 TIMES **TOTAL TRIP TIME IN MINUTES**

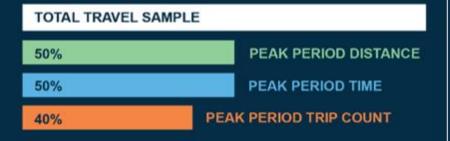
DURING **AM PEAK** DURING PM PEAK

THAT'S EQUIVALENT TO

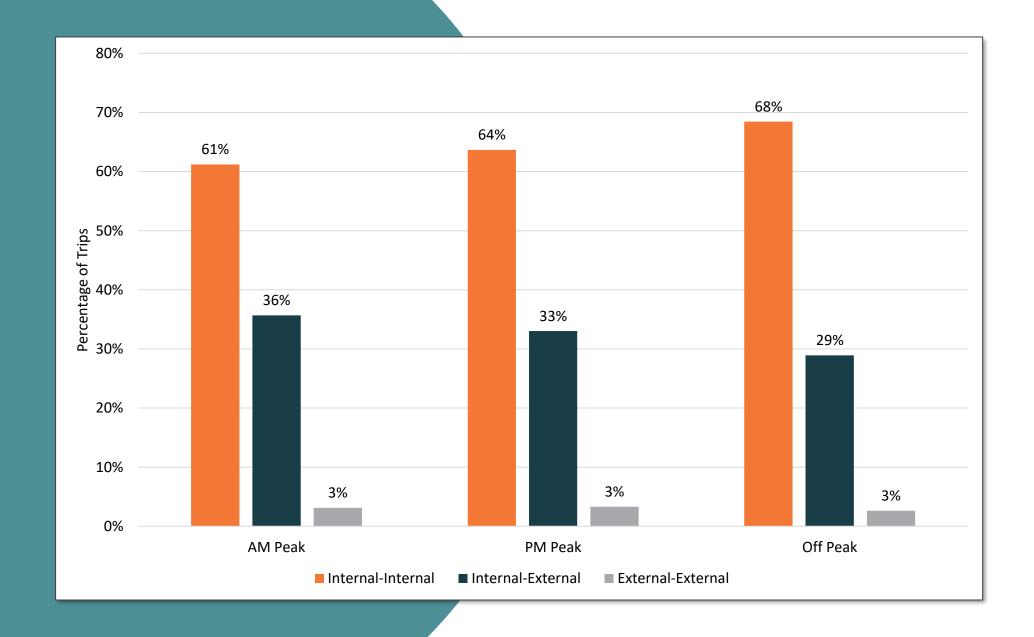


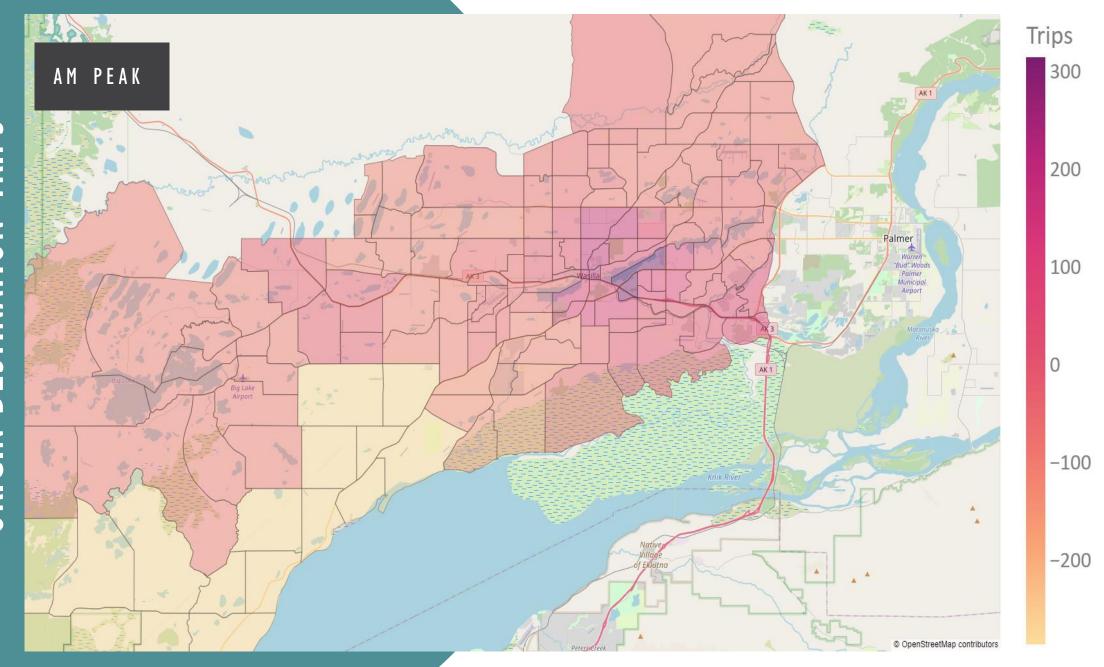
DRIVING CONTINUOUSLY FROM 1971 TO NOW

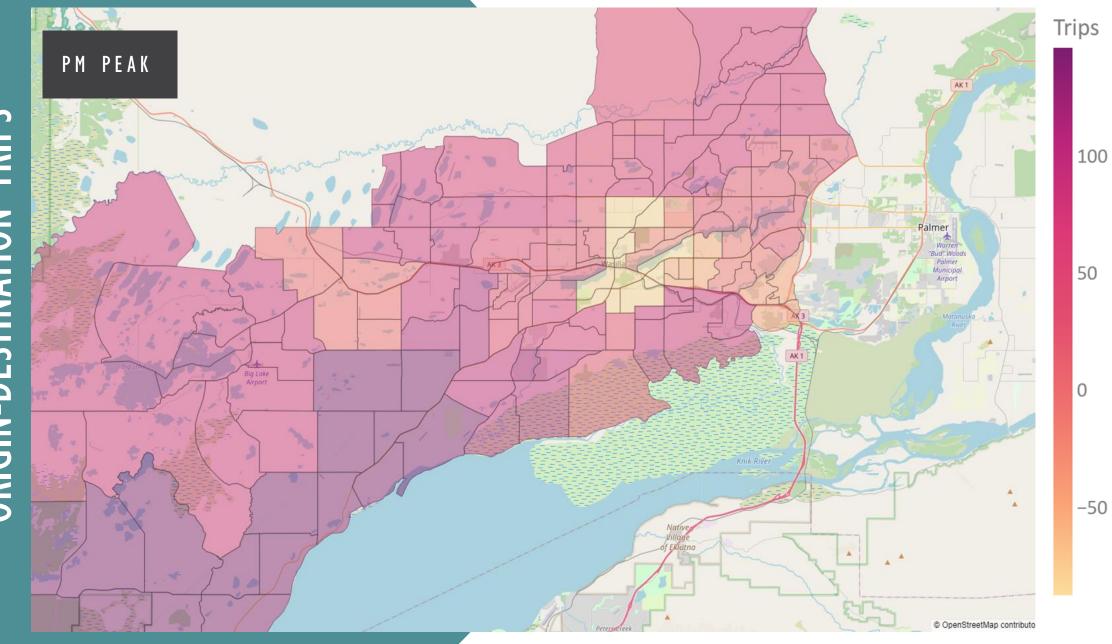
SUMMARY OF PEAK PERIOD TRIP DATA













SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

SAFETY

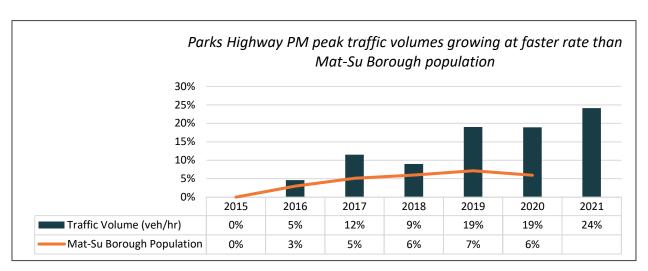
Sources:Email correspondence with DOT, FARS 2019

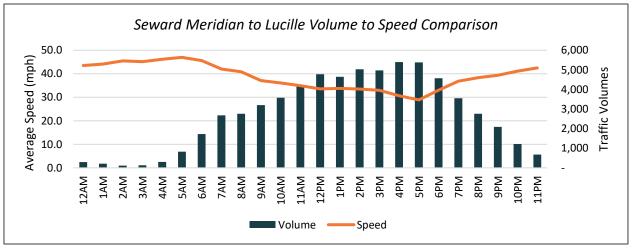
- 6 fatalities, 25 serious injuries (2017-2019)
- Fatality rate
 - 2x controlled access facilities
 - 2x statewide interstate average
 - Statewide, principal arterial rate 2.5x interstate rate
- Serious injury rate 3x controlled access facilities
- High traffic volumes make non-motorized facilities uncomfortable, deter use



VOLUME & SPEEDS

- 7-year trendline: peak hour volumes double by 2040, much faster than population growth
- Speeds drop by 10 mph during peak hour (Seward Meridian to Lucille)
 - 4 mins delay/trip
 - 12,000 vehicle-hours delay in May alone
- As volumes grow, more hours at lower speeds
- Freight travel relies on 50 mph average speed travel; below this creates supply chain disruptions





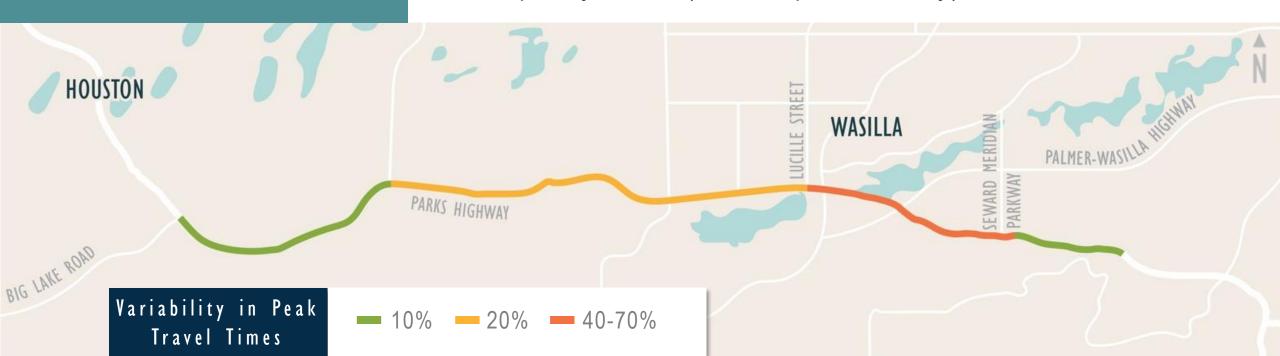


EXISTING PARKS HIGHWAY



TRAVEL TIME RELIABILITY

- During peak periods, long travel times 20% more than average travel times
 - Controlled access: long times 6% more
- Trucks travel times vary by 120% (long times are more than 2x average times)
 - Controlled access: long times 30% more
- Negative impacts on local economy, freight deliveries, quality of life (hard to plan reliably)









 More time and resources for snow removal at intersections compared to controlled access facilities



POPULATION & TRAFFIC FORECAST

BASELINE POPULATION & TRAFFIC FORECAST

- Department of Labor (DOL) Historical Population and Growth Projections forecasts MSB growth at 1.7 percent annually to 2045.
- The DOL forecast will be used for the Purpose and Need.
- A separate DOT&PF project (Mat-Su Intraregional Corridor Study) is evaluating population and traffic growth scenarios for the future.
- Data from the Mat-Su Intraregional Corridor Study will be incorporated into the forecast as it becomes available.





ALL THESE BASELINE CONDITIONS HELP INFORM THE STUDY'S PURPOSE AND NEED

WHAT IS THE PURPOSE AND NEED?

- Purpose: Why the project is being proposed and the positive outcomes intended.
- Need: The key problems to be addressed and explanation of underlying causes of those problems.



WHY IS PURPOSE AND NEED IMPORTANT?

- Helps identify a reasonable range of project alternatives
- Creates a shared understanding of the transportation problems, objectives, and possible solutions
- Defines project scope, guides development and evaluation of alternatives
- Helps streamline environmental analysis
- Helps identify potential context sensitive solutions
- Justifies impacts and spending of funds
- Helps with project programming



EMERGING THEMES: PURPOSE & NEED



Parks Highway Function:

Local, regional, and through trips all using Parks Highway through Wasilla.



Travel Time Reliability:

Unreliable peak travel times vary widely from day to day, complicate logistics for freight deliveries and arriving at destinations on time.



Safety:

Fatal and serious injury crash rate well above targets and levels on comparable facilities.



Land Use:

Pace of land uptake for development increasing.



Multi-Modal Transportation:

Facilities for walking and bicycling deter use of these modes; access to transit can be challenging.



Economic Impact:

Travel time delay reduces supply chain reliability, impacts function of Wasilla urban core.



Delay:

Speeds reduce during peak travel times and add hours of delay to trips. As population and volumes grow, more hours of delay are likely.



Population increase in the Mat-Su:

Population has grown by 20% between 2010 and 2022.



MODERATED BREAKOUT ROOMS (20 MINUTES)

Emerging Themes Discussion:

- 1. Do you agree? Disagree?
- 2. Why/Why Not?
- 3. Are we missing anything?

Assign a Team Captain for each room to report back





BREAK OUT ROOM REPORT BACK

SUMMARY — ROOM 1

- Improving Connectivity: surrounding network of neighborhood and local streets so people are not using Parks Highway as a local streets
- Improving Transit: Rapid Transit, more Park & Ride
- Highway: Not just building a bigger highway, but improving function so Parks Highway is a highway
- Safety & Connectivity for Multimodal: particularly facilities for biking
- Historic Properties: Protect data as we work with the public as there are many sites in project area – be aware of regulations



SUMMARY — ROOM 2

- Bypass Project: Cooper Landing is another bypass project; interest in corollaries/lessons learned that can be gleaned from this project (projects have differences, but good to take a look at themes)
- Traffic Over Time: Volumes have increased, traffic improvements are hugely helpful to ease traffic issues
- Impacts to Businesses: Bypasses can impact businesses; but the existing conditions also impact businesses as travelers do not want to stop because traffic is so bad, it can take time to enter/exit corridor
- Crashes: major issues over time
- Maintenance: contributes to highway safety
- Commercial development: space is limited along the main corridor commercial is likely to expand beyond the Parks Highway Corridor
- Railroad corridor: constraint to widening existing highway
- Infrastructure Act: potentially assist with funding highway (but may not be a significant infusion of funds)
- Additional Impacts: environmental costs/impacts of congestion need to be considered
- Alternate financing methods: consider whether stakeholders might have an interest in alternative ways of financing development (i.e., land value recapture financing to constrain urban sprawl, and incentivize investments in areas that are near infrastructure investments already – Transportation Research Board)

STAKEHOLDER ADVISORY COMMITTEE SCHEDULE

Meeting #	Focus	Indicative Date
1	Vision, purpose and need statement	March 10, 2022
2	Range of alternatives, alternatives screening process, screening criteria	Fall 2022
3	Preliminary alternative screening results and detailed alternative screening criteria	Spring 2023
4	Detailed alternative screening results and recommended alternatives	Summer/Fall 2023



Project Contacts:

- Kelly Summers, PE, DOT&PF Project Manager (907) 269-0546
- Renee Whitesell, PTP, DOWL Project Manager (907) 865-1161
- Rachel Steer, DOWL Public Involvement (907) 562-2000

Project Email:

parkshighwayalternative@dowl.com

Website:

Parkshighwayalternative.com

